

UNIFORM WASH and CARE INSTRUCTIONS

FOR BEST RESULTS – Wash uniforms in cold water BEFORE they are worn to set the dyes.

LAUNDER UNIFORMS IMMEDIATELY AFTER THEY HAVE BEEN WORN.

Do not allow perspiration soaked garments to lay in a pile or rest folded on top of each other. This greatly increases the risk of dye/color migration. Garments that can not be laundered immediately should be hung individually on rust proof hangers (wood or plastic).

REMOVE BELTS, PADS, ETC. IMMEDIATELY AFTER WEARING AND LAUNDER SEPARATELY.

BASIC WASHING INSTRUCTIONS:

- Rinse washing machine before adding garments.
- WHITE AND COLORED GARMENTS CANNOT BE WASHED TOGETHER.
- WATER TEMPERATURE SHOULD BE NO MORE THAN 110 DEGREES! Do not rely on the “warm” setting on the washer. Ground water and hot water heaters vary greatly. Be sure you know what temperature your water is.
- For best results, use a mild powdered detergent. Liquid and powdered detergents with enzymes can damage colors.
- Spot treat stains whenever possible. Avoid presoaking but if required, use lukewarm water (90 to 100 degrees) and a non-enzyme release agent for no longer than 30 minutes. Launder garments immediately after presoaking.
- Water level in machine should be on the highest setting for best rinsing and less color migration.
- DO NOT USE CHLORINE BLEACH. If garments are very soiled, a light application of dry oxygen based bleach is recommended.
- If possible, garments should be hung to dry on rust proof hangers. If machine drying is necessary, dryer should be set on the lowest temperature setting or on air dry. Do not overload dryers.
- If you have had color migration problems during washing, do not place garments in the dryer, hang them to dry. The heat from the dryer will set the migrating dyes and make them much harder to remove.
- DO NOT DRY CLEAN GARMENTS! Dry cleaning can discolor garments and remove screenprinting.
- DO NOT IRON OR PRESS GARMENTS! Screenprinting will melt. Rib trims will lose their stretch.
- Be sure that garments are completely dry before storing. Garments should be kept in a cool, dry area, protected from both sunlight and fluorescent light. White nylon will yellow from exposure to light.

*Please communicate the above wash and care instructions to any outside parties that may handle or launder your garments.